



**FIRST NATIONAL STUDENT OLYMPIAD  
IN COMPUTER MATHEMATICS  
„ACADEMICIAN STEFAN DODUNEKOV“  
TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY – GABROVO  
24-26. X. 2012**

**Problems for group B**

1. Calculate  $\sqrt[3]{x+y} + \sqrt[3]{x-y}$  for  $x=5,1$  and  $y=3,14$ .
2. Calculate  $x_1^{12} + x_2^{12}$ , where  $x_1$  and  $x_2$  are the roots of the equation:  $x^2 - 5x + 11 = 0$ .
3. Find the standard form of the polynomial  $(x-1)(x+2)(x-3)(x+4)(x-5)(x+6)$ .
4. For which values of the parameter  $a$ , zero is a double root of the polynomial  

$$f(x) = x^5 + (5-a)x^4 - (5a+7)x^3 + (7a-29)x^2 + (29a+30)x - 30a$$
?
5. Solve in complex numbers the equation  $x^4 - 5x^2 + 10x - 6 = 0$ .
6. Find the domain of the function  $f(x) = \ln(e^{2x} - e^x - 2)$ .
7. Given the matrices  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & x \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2012 & x \\ 0 & 1 & 2012 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ , find values of  $x$  such that  

$$A^{2012} = B$$
?
8. Find a matrix  $X$ , such that  $X \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 5 & 6 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 18 & 24 & 30 \\ 29 & 40 & 51 \end{pmatrix}$ .
9. The sequence  $\{a_n\}$  is set by the equalities  $a_1 = 1$ ,  $a_2 = 2$ ,  $a_n = a_{n-1} - 2a_{n-2}$  за  $n = 3, 4, \dots$ . Check if the following equality holds  $\begin{pmatrix} a_{102} \\ a_{101} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^{100} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ .
10. Solve the system depending on the values of the parameter  $\alpha$ 

$$\begin{cases} \alpha x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 1 \\ x_1 + \alpha x_2 + x_3 = 1 \\ x_1 + x_2 + \alpha x_3 = \alpha^2 \end{cases}$$
11. Find the area of  $\triangle ABC$ , if the equations of its sides are:  
 $x + 11y - 23 = 0$ ,  $10x - y - 8 = 0$  and  $11x + 10y - 142 = 0$ .
12. Find the coordinates of the middle point of the common chord of the circumferences  
 $k_1: (x-4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 10$  and  $k_2: (x-7)^2 + (y-5)^2 = 9$ .
13. Find the equation of the plane which contains the orthogonal projections of point  $P(1, 3, -2)$  on the three coordinate planes.
14. The points  $A(1, 2, 4)$ ,  $B(5, 1, 3)$ ,  $C(4, 2, 1)$  and  $D(2, x, 5)$  are the vertices of the pyramid  $ABCD$ . Find the values of  $x$  such that the volume of the pyramid equals 2.
15. Sketch the graph of the function  $f(x) = |x-a| + |2x+b|$ , if it contains the points  $A(1, 8)$  and  $B(-3, 10)$ .
16. Calculate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{2}} (1 + \cot x)^{\tan x}$ .

17. Calculate  $f''\left(\frac{\pi}{6}\right)$ , if  $f(x) = \ln(\sin 2x + \cos 3x)$ .

18. Find the minimum and maximum of the function

$$f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} 1 & x & x & x & x \\ x & 2 & x & x & x \\ x & x & 3 & x & x \\ x & x & x & 4 & x \\ x & x & x & x & 5 \end{vmatrix} \text{ over the interval } [1; 5].$$

19. Find the smallest positive solution of the equation  $\sin x = \cos(4 - x)$ .

20. Find the roots of the equation  $11\sin 3x = 9\ln x$ .

21. For which values of the parameter  $a$  the function  $f(x) = \sin x + 3a \sin 2x - \frac{1}{3} \sin 3x - 6ax$  is increasing in the range  $(-\infty; +\infty)$ ?

22. Find the antiderivative of  $f(x) = |x - 1|$  in the range  $(-\infty; +\infty)$ .

23. Calculate  $\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{dx}{1 + \sin x + \cos x}$ .

24. Calculate the area of the plane inside the curve  $|x|^3 + |y|^3 \leq 8$ .

25. Find a positive integer  $n$ , such that

$$\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{1}{2.3.4} + \frac{1}{3.4.5} + \dots + \frac{1}{n.(n+1).(n+2)} = \frac{1013545}{4054182}.$$

26. Find all natural numbers  $n \in [2000; 2012]$  which are solutions of the equations

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{3}} (\cos x + \cos 2x + \cos 3x + \dots + \cos nx) = \frac{1}{2}.$$

27. For which real numbers  $a$  and  $b$  the equation  $\int_0^{\pi} (at + bt^2) \cos mt \, dt = \frac{1}{m^2}$  holds for all positive integers  $m$ ?

28. Check if the function  $y(x) = \frac{\cos x}{2} + \frac{e^x + e^{-x}}{4}$  is solution of the equation

$$y(x) = \cos x + \int_0^x (x-t) y(t) \, dt.$$

29. Solve the differential equation  $y''(x) - 5y'(x) + 6y(x) = \sin 2x + \cos x$  subject to the initial conditions  $y(0) = y'(0) = 0$ .

30. Find all four-digit numbers such that their square ends with 2016.

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Each problem is worth 2 points.

All numerical calculations must be performed with the expected computing mathematical accuracy for the corresponding computer algebra system.