

**EIGHTH NATIONAL STUDENT OLYMPIAD**  
**IN COMPUTER MATHEMATICS „PROFESSOR STEFAN DODUNEKOV”**  
**TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF SOFIA**  
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**PROBLEMS FOR GROUP A**

1. Find all primes in the sequence  $\{20^n + 19^n\}$ ,  $n=1, 2, 3, \dots, 2019$ .
2. Find the solutions  $(0 < x, y, z < 5)$  of the equation  $x^{19} + y^{19} = z^{19} \pmod{5}$ .
3. Find the maximal value of the function  $f(x) = \begin{vmatrix} 2 & x & x^2 & x^3 \\ x & 0 & x & x^2 \\ x^2 & x & 1 & x \\ x^3 & x^2 & x & 9 \end{vmatrix}$  in the interval  $[0, 2019]$ .
4. From the first 2019 Fibonacci numbers, find the number of those containing the sequence '2019' in their decimal form.
5. Solve the equation  $e^{20x} + 19\sin(x) = 2019$ .
6. Find the integers  $n < 51$  such that the polynomial  $x^n + 2048$  can be decomposed into irreducible factors with integer coefficients (it is not irreducible over the integers).
7. What is the smallest integer  $k$  such that  $2020_k$  (base  $k$  positional numeral system) does not have different digits (has the form  $xx..x$ ) as a decimal?
8. Calculate the area of the region bounded by the curve  $x^{20} + y^{20} = 1$ . Is it true that the figure covers over 99% of the square with side length 2 that contains it?
9. Solve the system of the equations  $x^y = 2018, y^x = 2019$ .
10. Calculate  $\sqrt{2019} + \sqrt[3]{2019} + \sqrt[3]{2019} + \sqrt{2019}$  with 20 digits precision.
11. Find all 5-digit integers  $N = \overline{abcde}$ , whose digits satisfy the equation  $a^4 + b^4 + c^4 + d^4 + e^4 = 2019$  and  $a < b < c < d < e$ .

12. Find the real numbers  $a, b, c, d$ , such that

$$2x^5 - 2\sqrt{5}x - 2x + \sqrt{5} - 5 = 2(x^2 - x + a)(x^3 + bx^2 + cx + d)$$

is true for any real  $x$ .

13. Calculate the integral  $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-x^2 - y^2} dx dy$ .

14. Calculate  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \int_0^1 x \sqrt{x} \sqrt[3]{x} \sqrt[4]{x} \sqrt[5]{x} \dots x^{1/n} dx$ .

15. Find the real numbers  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  such that the equality  $\int_0^\pi (ax + bx^2 + cx^3) \sin(mx) dx = \frac{1}{m^3}$  is true for any positive integer  $m$ .
16. Find the number of all 3-element subsets of  $S = \{1, 2, 3, \dots, 219\}$  such that the sum of the three integers is a prime. Which of those primes has a maximal sum of its digits?
17. Calculate the length of the curve  $y = 1 - \ln(\cos x)$  for  $x \in [0, \frac{\pi}{6}]$ .
18. Calculate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \left(\frac{x}{2}\right)^{\frac{1}{x-2}}$ .
19. Find the minimum distance from a point on the sphere with equation  $(x - 12)^2 + (y - 11)^2 + (z - 10)^2 = 9$  to the plane passing through the point  $A(1,2,0)$  and perpendicular to the vector  $\vec{v}(1,1,1)$ .
20. Plot the curves given by the equations  $x^4 - x^2 + y^2 = 0$  and  $y^4 - y^2 + x^2 = 0$ , and calculate the area of the region bounded by these curves.
21. How many are the 3-digit primes formed by three consecutive digits in the first 2019 digits after the decimal point of the constant  $e$ ?
22. Find the number of the intersection points of the circle  $c: x^2 + y^2 = 36$  and the ellipse  $e: \frac{(x+1)^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{36} = 1$  in dependence on the values of the parameter  $a$ ,  $a \neq 0$ .
23. Given the matrices  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 4 & 0 & 6 \\ 0 & 8 & 9 \end{pmatrix}$  and  $B = \begin{pmatrix} -5 & -4 & -3 \\ -2 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$ , find a matrix  $C$  such that  $A \cdot B = A^{-1} \cdot C^{-1} \cdot B^{-1}$ .
24. Calculate  $\sqrt{1 + \sqrt[3]{2 + \sqrt[4]{3 + \sqrt[5]{4 + \dots \sqrt[2020]{2019}}}}}$ .
25. Find the volume of the solid of revolution obtained by rotating of the graph of the function  $y = f(x) = \ln(x^2)$ ,  $x \in (0,1)$  about the  $y$ -axis. Plot the obtained solid of revolution.
26. How many positive numbers are there among the first 1000 members of the sequence  $\{\cos(5^k), k \in \mathbb{N}\}$ ?
27. Find the smallest 5-digit prime  $p$  such that  $p+2$  is also prime.
28. Calculate the sum  $\sum_{k=-\infty}^{+\infty} \frac{k}{2^{|k|}} \cdot \left(\frac{5}{3}\right)^k$ .
29. The tetrahedron  $ABCD$  has volume  $V = 5m^3$ , and three of its vertices are  $A(2,1,-1)$ ,  $B(3,0,1)$  and  $C(2,-1,3)$ . The fourth vertex  $D$  belongs to the  $y$ -axes. Find the coordinates of  $D$  and the height from the vertex  $D$ .
30. Generate a list consisting of all 3-digit positive integers divisible by 51, written in octal number system.